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St. *Jago* in *Jamaica*, *June* 29.

THE 23d Instant in the evening, in honour to the Memory of our late Sovereign King *William*, the great Guns were (by Direction of Peter Beckford Esq; our Lieutenant Governor) fired at a Minute's distance at this Town, at Port Royal, and Kingston, from Sun-set till 12 at night, the same being done by Vice-Admiral Bembow, and Her Majesty's Ships under his Command then in Port. The next day, at 11 in the forenoon, Her Majesty was with all possible Solemnity proclaimed in this Town, being the Capital of the Island, the Lieut. Governor, the Council, and most of the Gentry, being present, and the several Companies of Soldiers and the Militia being under Arms; All the great Guns in this Town were thrice discharged, and were answered by as many Volleys of small Shot. All the Forts in the Island fired all their Guns thrice, and the Vice-Admiral, the Men of War, and all other Ships in this Port, did the like. The Lieut. Governor entertained the Council and other Gentlemen at Dinner, where Her Majesty's and his Royal Highness's Healths were drank, the great Guns firing all the while. At night Bonfires were made, and all the demonstrations of Joy were shewed which Dutiful and Loyal Subjects could express on so great and solemn an Occasion.

From the Imperial Camp at Luzzara, *Aug.* 29. *N. S.* The French Army and ours are still within Musket Shot of each other, and the Cannon continues to play on both sides. We daily send out Parties with very good Success; and many Deserters are lately come over to us from the Enemy. We have Advice, that they are again set down before our Intrenchments at Borgoforte, and that there is great Cannonading on both sides.

Venice, *Sept.* 1. *N. S.* There is a Report, that the King of Spain will shortly return to Milan. They write from Cremona, that there are no less than 10000 sick and wounded French and Spanish Soldiers in that Place, and more are brought thither daily from the Army; and that 2000 more have been sent from thence to Lodi. They write from Naples, that the Count de Toulouse was still on the Coast of Sicily with his Squadron; and that 6 French Galleys which were in the Port of Naples, and the Galleys of that Kingdom, would sail in few days to the Adriatick Gulph, in order to join the Squadron commanded by the Chevalier de Fourbin.

Vienna, Sept. 6. We continue to raise Recruits in these parts with very good Success for the Imperial Army in Italy. General Heisler is on his departure from hence for Croatia, where a Body of the Forces of that Province is got together, with whom it is said he is to march to Italy to reinforce our Army.

From the Imperial Camp before Landau, *September* 11. The King of the Romans being informed, that Marshal Catinat having received some Reinforcements, was decamped from the Neighbourhood of Strasbourg, and was marching this way, with intent to relieve Landau; His Majesty and Prince Lewis of Baden marched from hence with all the Horse and Hussars, making together 25000 Men, towards Croon-Weissembourg, in order to oppose him, leaving the Direction of the Siege to General Thungen. The 9th Instant, between one and two in the morning, we assaulted the Citadel of Landau, and carried it in a quarter of an hour's time, the Soldiers that were in it retiring into the Town; They set fire to several Mines, but with little Effect, and in this whole Action we had not above 26 Men killed; General Thungen having given Orders for a general Storm, it was prevented by Monsieur Melac the French Governor's beating a Parly; whereof Advice being sent to the King of the Romans, the following Capitulation was, by his Direction, concluded and Signed Yesterday.

I. Monsieur Melac the Governor shall deliver to the Emperor's Forces one of the City Gates on the 11*th Instant, at* 8 *in the morning, and on the* 12*th, before noon, the Garison shall march out of the Place with Drums beating, Colours flying,* &c. *to Pfalkheim, where they shall be permitted to remain* 2 *or* 3 *days to settle their Affairs; If any Officer cannot remove his Bagage out of the Town so suddenly, he may leave any of his Servants or others, provided they be not Military Persons, to look after it.*

II. The Garison may carry out with them 4 *Pieces of Cannon and* 2 *Mortars, and shall be furnished by the Imperialists with Horses for that purpose.*

III. They may take with them 24 *Charges of Powder and Ball for each Piece of Cannon, and* 24 *Bombs, and as many Horses and Wagons as they shall have occasion for to carry the same; and they shall be furnished with* 2 *Wagons to carry their Armour.*

IV. The Inhabitants of Landau shall be maintained in their Privileges, &c. *and the Exercise of their Religion, especially the Roman Catholick, as is stipulated by the Treaties of Munster and Ryswick.*

V. All the Horses and Bagage of the Officers and Soldiers in the French Service may be conveyed away, except those which belong to the French King himself.

VI. For carrying the same, and for conveniency of the Sick and Wounded, 400 *Wagons shall be furnished at the Emperor's Expence.*

VII. The Sick and Wounded may continue in the Town till they are recovered, with some Chirurgeons to look after them, but nothing more than Ammunition Bread shall be allowed them at the Emperor's Charge; at whose Expence they shall afterwards be sent to the next French Garison.

VIII. The Officers, Soldiers, &c. *in the French Service shall be furnished with Passes to go to Strasbourg.*

IX. Such Bagage, &c. *as cannot be now removed may be left in the Town, and* 2 *Months time is allowed for carrying it away.*

X. The Commander with his Garison may remain 2 *or* 3 *days at Haguenau to refresh, but it shall be at his own Charge.*

XI. When the Garison marches out they shall not be molested, and the Prisoners made on either side since the Declaration of War shall be set at liberty.

XII. The Burghers and Inhabitants shall be comprehended in this Capitulation, and shall be allowed to buy of the Garison such Bagage as they do not carry away.

XIII. Those to whom the Officers and Soldiers are indebted, shall declare it within 24 *hours after the Conclusion of the Capitulation.*

XIV. If any Money has been borrowed of the Burghers upon the King's Account, they shall content themselves, in lieu of Payment, with Bills payable at Strasbourg or elsewhere, and the Officers that borrowed the same shall not be detained on that account.

XV. The same Method shall be observed in regard to the Debts of the Officers and Soldiers of the Garison.

XVI. The Inhabitants of Landau shall not pretend to be indemnified for any Losses suffered during the Siege.

XVII. All the French King's Officers Civil and Ecclesiastick, whom the Imperialists will not suffer to remain in the Town, may carry away or sell off their Effects and retire within 6 *Weeks time, if they do not depart with the Garison.*

XVIII. The same Method shall be observed in regard to the French Merchants and others.

XIX. No Officers Bagage shall be searched; Six cover'd Wagons shall be allowed them, which shall also be free from searching; and no French Deserter shall be entertained by the Imperialists.

XX. The Wagons and Horses furnished at the Emperor's Expence shall be unladen at Pfalkheim, and the Bagage belonging to the Garison shall be conducted by the shortest way to Strasbourg, and shall not be obliged to travel above 4 *French Leagues a day.*

XXI. All the Country People who retired to Landau are at liberty to depart with their Effects, or to continue there.

XXII. An Inventory shall be made of all the Ammunition, Artillery, and Provisions, belonging to the French King which is in the Town, and it shall be delivered to the Imperial Commissary.

XXIII. Such Registers and other Papers as relate to the French only shall be restored to them.

XXIV. The Garison may take Provisions with them for 4 *days.*

XXV. Hostages shall be given on both sides, to be restored when the Capitulation has been complied with.

XXVI. The